

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/22 October/November 2016

Paper 2 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 50

Published

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Section A

- 1 (a) (i) Many correct answers, they must be meaningful. This is an example only.
 - Choice, integer, choice of charity

- Cost, real, cost of shopping

- Donation, real, donation calculated from cost of shopping
- (ii) Array

 – a set of (similar) variables grouped together// description or array declaration applied to the scenario e.g. DonationTotals[1:3]

 allows for more efficient programing e.g. use of indices//each charity total can be identified by an index

or

– List

 a set of variables grouped together// description or list declaration applied to the scenario e.g. DonationTotals[]

- allows for more efficient programing e.g. use of a loop to update each charity

or

- Variables

– storage locations that can be changed// description or declaration applied to the scenario e.g. DonationTotal1, DonationTotal2 and DonationTotal3

- e.g. as there are only 3 charities so there is no need to use an array

[3]

[3]

(b) Any five from:

- Prompt for input of charity choice // prompt for input of value of shopping
- input charity choice
- check for input of 1, 2, or 3
- input value of shopping
- calculate donation
- add donation to the appropriate total

```
    output name of charity and amount/total amount donated
```

[5]

```
Sample Answer.
```

```
REPEAT
    PRINT 'Please enter choice of charity 1, 2. or 3 '
    INPUT Choice
UNTIL Choice = 1 or Choice = 2 or Choice = 3
PRINT 'Please enter value of shopping bill '
INPUT BillValue
Donation ← BillValue * 0.01
Total (Choice) ← Total (Choice) + Donation
PRINT 'Charity ', CharityName (Choice), ' has received a donation
of ', Donation
```

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- (c) Maximum six marks in total for question part
 - **Description** (may include reference to program statements)
 - when charity choice = -1
 - display total donation for **each** charity ...
 - ... with corresponding charity name...
 - description of method for selecting descending order of totals
 - evidence that the method works
 - calculate grand total from 3 totals / sum of all donations
 - output 'GRAND TOTAL DONATED TO CHARITY' and grand total

[6]

- (d) Any three from:
 - input number of charities
 - store the number of charities as a variable
 - change the upper value of the choice input
 - change the array bounds for total donations etc.// add new variables to hold extra values
 - the need to change the code...
 - ... to allow for differing number of charities

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Section B

2 1 mark for identifying each error, 1 mark for the corresponding change

```
- line 2 or Counter = 100
- Counter = 0
- line 6 or UNTIL Num < 0
- UNTIL Num >= 0
- line 7 or Total = Total + 1
- Total = Total + Num
- line 8 or Counter = Counter + Num
- Counter = Counter + 1
```

3 Trace table for input value 33

X	Α	В	OUTPUT
33	4	1	1
4			4
÷	(1 mark)	\rightarrow	(1 mark)

Trace table for input value 75

X	Α	В	OUTPUT
75	9	3	3
9	1	1	1
1			1
÷	(1 mark)	\rightarrow	(1 mark)

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4 For each example: **1 mark** for **correct structure**, **1 mark** for **appropriate content**, **1 mark** for **the reason**. There are many correct answers these are only examples

```
IF X > 0 AND X <= 10
THEN PRINT 'In Range'
ELSE PRINT 'Out of Range'
ENDIF</pre>
```

 – e.g. checking a condition that may be complex//uses relational operators// checking for a range of values// only 2 options

```
CASE X OF

1 : PRINT 'Option 1'

2 : PRINT 'Option 2'

3 : PRINT 'Option 3'

OTHERWISE PRINT 'Incorrect choice'

ENDCASE
```

- e.g. checking for discrete/large number/more than 2 of values

[6]

5 ((a)	- 6
		-

[1]

(b)

– Play	text	
 No Seats Stalls 	number	
– Price Stalls Seats \$	currency	[3]

(c) 1 mark for correct plays, 1 mark for correct dates with each play and no extra fields or text, 1 mark for the order

As You Like It	01/07/2016
Julius Caesar	22/07/2016
Macbeth	14/07/2016

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(d)					
Field:	Play	Performance Date	Number Seats Circle	Price Circl	e Seats \$
Table:	PLAYPRODUCTION	PLAYPRODUCTION	PLAYPRODUCTION	PLAYPRC	DUCTION
Sort:		Ascending/ Descending			
Show:	\square	\square		6	N
Criteria:			>=6		
or:					
	(1 mark)	(1 mark)	(2 marks) 1 for Criteria 1 for correct Field & Table & Sort & Show & or	(1 m	nark)

[5]